

TNTNET

Web dynamite

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Writing a web service

PHP

- old and everybody claims to know it
- syntax similar to many languages but still different

RoR

- used to be the cool kid
- plenty of generators
- easy to start, hard to maintain

Node.js

- new even cooler kid
- javascript all the way

Tntnet

- web development framework
- contains web template system
- contains routing tables
- uses C++ as a programming language
 - ⇒ use language you are familiar with
 - ⇒ many libraries ready to use
- has to be precompiled
 - ⇒ fast
- output can be
 - standalone application
 - shared library for web server

Tntnet templating system

Basically html.

Special tags for various purposes:

- `<%pre></%pre>` - includes and defines and similar
- `<%cpp></%cpp>` or `<{ code }>` - C++ code
- `<%args></%args>` - query arguments
- `<%session></%session>` - session variables definitions
- `<$ data $>` - output the content of the variable/expression
- `<? (cond == true) ? data ?>` - conditional expression output

Variables

Various scopes:

- component - one component in ecpp file
- page - all components in the same ecpp file
- global - globally available

Various lifetimes:

- request
- session
- thread
- application

Tntnet example - Hello World

```
<# This is a simple hello-world-application #>
<%args>
name; // define query-parameter
</%args>
<html>
  <head>
    <title>Hello World-application for tntnet</title>
  </head><body bgcolor="#FFFFFF">
    <h1>Hello <$ name.empty() ? "World" : name $></h1>
    <form>What's your name?
      <input type="text" name="name" value="<$name$>">
      <br/>
      <input type="submit">
    </form>
  </body>
</html>
```

Tntnet example - Standalone

```
#include <tnt/tntnet.h>

int main(int argc, char* argv[])
{
    try
    {
        tnt::Tntnet app;
        app.listen(8000);
        app.mapUrl("^/", "hello");
        app.run();
    }
    catch (const std::exception& e)
    {
        std::cerr << e.what() << std::endl;
    }
}
```

Tntnet - routing

```
<!-- We are getting authorized -->
<mapping>
  <target>login@test</target>
  <url>^/login$</url>
</mapping>
<!-- Modifying requests have to be authenticated -->
<mapping>
  <target>auth-verify@test</target>
  <method>(POST|PUT|DELETE)</method>
</mapping>
<!-- Make sure everybody speaks json from now on -->
<mapping>
  <target>json@bios_web</target>
</mapping>
```


Tntdb

- database abstraction library
- plugins for SQLite, MySQL, PostgreSQL or Oracle
- one C++ API with cool functions
 - cached prepared statements
 - connection pool
 - conversion from and to basic datatypes
 - possibility to extend conversion to your own classes
 - integrate dtransactions support

Tntdb example - hello world

```
void insData()
{
    std::string url = "mysql:db=mydb;host=192.168.0.1";
    tntdb::Connection conn;
    conn = tntdb::connectCached(url);

    tntdb::Statement st = conn.prepareCached(
        "insert into table values (:v1, :v2)");

    st.setInt("v1", 1)
        .setString("v2", "hi")
        .execute();

    st.setInt("v1", 2)
        .setString("v2", "world")
        .execute();
}
```

Tntdb example - transaction

```
#include <tntdb/transaction.h>

void doSomeModifications(tntdb::Connection conn)
{
    tntdb::Transaction trans(conn);

    // do some modifications in the database here:
    conn.execute(...);
    conn.prepare("...").set("col1", value).execute();

    trans.commit();
}
```

CXXTOOLS

- library used by Tntnet and Tntdb
 - can be used even without them
- plenty of useful classes
 - threadpool
 - thread abstraction
 - serialization (json, csv, xml, ...)
 - regexp matching
 - iniparser
 - logger
 - ...

What next?

Web page with description:

<http://tntnet.org/>

What can be in template:

man 7 ecpp